



ANNUAL PA-AWWA CONFERENCE Highlights

www.paawwa.org





2021/2022 Board of Directors

Chair

Tim Trout

215-353-3111 tim.trout@ferguson.com

Chair-Elect

Zach Martin

724-347-7418 zfmartin@aquaamerica.com

Vice-Chair

Leonard "Chip" Bilger

610-678-4400 cbilger@wbwa.org

Past-Chair

Jim DeWolfe

814-769-6702 jdewolfe@hazenandsawyer.com

Director

Dan Preston

215-855-3617 dpreston@northpennwater.org

Treasurer

Douglas Komandt

412-243-6239 dkomandt@wpjwa.com

MAC Chair

Kurt Bonnet

724-206-3948 kurt.bonnet2@ferguson.com

Water Utility Council Chair

Pat Caulfield

570-622-8240 pcaulfield@scmawater.com

Ed/Tech Council Chair

Kristen Bowman Kavanagh

609-477-7221 kristen.b.kavanagh@drbc.gov

North-Central District Trustee

Ben Reichley

570-374-2355 ben.reichley@lbh2o.com

Northeast District Trustee

Matt Seeker

484-995-1763 mseeker@wsp-us.com

Northwest District Trustee

TBD

South-Central District Trustee

Sara Ehrman sehrman@gfnet.com

Southeast District Trustee

Leonard " Chip" Bilger

610-678-4400 cbilger@wbwa.org

Southwest District Trustee

M. Curt Fontaine

724-755-5950 fontaine@mawc.org

PA-AWWA Executive Director

Don Hershey

717-774-8870 donhershey@paawwa.org

Table of Contents

FEATURES

| 74th PA-AWWA Conference Recap | 21 |
|--|----|
| Partnership for Safe Water | 25 |
| Public Engagement in Source Water Protection Using Stories to Convey the Message | 28 |
| Solar Equals Business in America Here's What That Means for the Water and Wastewater Industry | 30 |
| Municipal Authority Files Legal Action Involving PFAS | 33 |
| EQB Adopts Proposed Rulemaking to Establish a PFAS MCL | 35 |



DEPARTMENTS & NEWS UPDATES

| Chair's Message | 6 |
|---|----|
| Executive Director's Message | 8 |
| Leonard 'Chip' Bilger II is PA-AWWA's New Vice Chair | 10 |
| New Members Report | 12 |
| Civil and Environmental Master's Degrees Merge at Penn State Harrisburg | 14 |
| Pennsylvania American Water Releases Annual Water Quality Reports | 16 |
| Carol Paul Is Aqua Pennsylvania's New Plant Manager | 17 |
| Patent Pending for Mini-Composite Elevated Tank Process | 18 |
| PA-AWWA Committee Corner | 19 |
| PA-AWWA Spotlight | 26 |

The Water News Source is published quarterly by the Pennsylvania Section of the American Water Works Association. The purpose is to inform members, local and state officials, and elected representatives about water supply issues in Pennsylvania.

The ideas, opinions, concepts, procedures, etc., expressed in this publication are those of individual authors and not necessarily those of the PA-AWWA Section, its officers, general membership, or the editor. The Section maintains the right to edit all articles for clarity and space. Individuals or organizations are encouraged to submit suggestions, ideas, articles, and items for the calendar of events. Please submit as a Word file and email to donhershey@paawwa.org.

Deadline to submit articles for the next newsletter is: Friday, August 19, 2022



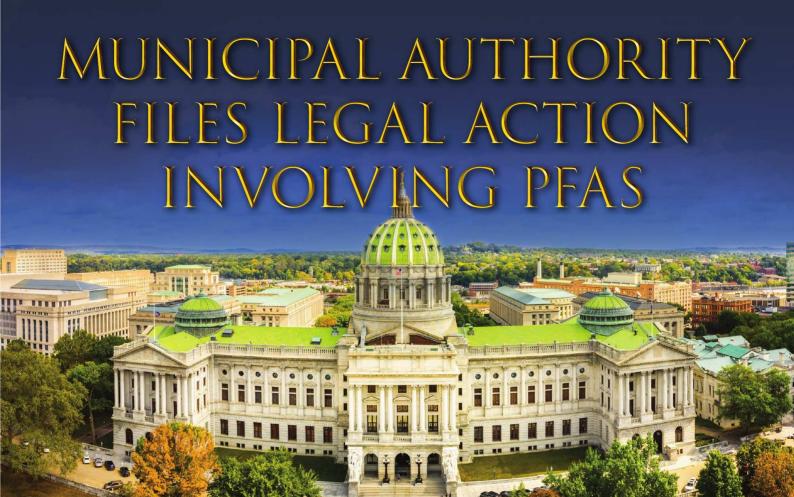
Managing Editor: Reba R. Lewis Design/layout: Kellee Breckman Marketing Manager: Dave Gill Advertising Co-ordinator: Stefanie Hagidiakow

Tel: 866-985-9780 Fax: 866-985-9799 www.kelmanonline.com

2022 © All rights reserved.

The contents of this publication may not be reproduced in whole or in part without the express consent of the publisher





By Michael D. Klein

he Municipal Authority of Westmoreland County (MAWC) has filed a 58-page Complaint in a civil action against more than 20 defendants involved in designing, manufacturing, marketing, distributing, supplying, and/or selling aqueous film-forming foam products (AFFF), and certain chemical ingredients incorporated into those products, allegedly causing contamination and pollution of natural resources located in and around Westmoreland County, including drinking water and wastewater treatment systems owned and operated by the MAWC, with per-and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS). See, Municipal Authority of Westmoreland County v. 3M Company, et al. case no. 22C100818 in the Westmoreland County Court of Common Pleas. The Complaint contains six separate causes of action against the defendants. In the Complaint, MAWC is seeking to recover past, current, and future costs, losses, damages, and other relief relating to the actual or potential presence of toxic PFAS traceable to AFFF products in water and water systems, including drinking water supplies and wastewater treatment works and public waters and natural resources under MAWC's ownership or management. The specified costs, losses and damages include those resulting from or associated with the investigation, assessment, monitoring, analysis, remediation, treatment, removal, disposal, or other past, current, or future action or response, etc. (See, averment 5 of the Complaint).

MAWC further alleges that it is likely to be required, in the future, to retrofit or upgrade its water infrastructure, including drinking water and wastewater treatment systems, in order to manage, remove, control, and reduce the presence of PFAS attributable to defendants' misconduct in MAWC's resources and properties, and in resources and properties of other jurisdictions. MAWC alleges that certain of the defendants designed, manufactured, marketed, sold and/or distributed AFFF products containing or breaking down into PFAS, including PFOS, PFOA, and PFHxS. MAWC alleges that those products were used and discharged into the environment in and around the area served by MAWC. (See, averments 28 and 30). An example given in the Complaint of how the PFAS were used and discharged in the MAWC service area is a fire in the City of McKeesport in which firefighting units at the scene utilized AFFF in their efforts to control the fire. Those efforts (allegedly) resulted in AFFF being introduced into the local water system, owned and operated by MAWC. The alleged resulting damages and losses include expense to test and flush its water system, to provide water to nearby customers, and to engage in a public education campaign to inform customers about the ongoing situation, including do-not-use restrictions for nearby residents. (See, averment 193 of the Complaint).

Similar legal actions have been filed in Pennsylvania and other states as public water suppliers seek to recover costs in dealing with PFAS contamination.

PA Supreme Court Grants the Petition for Allowance of Appeal Filed in the Legal Battle Over the Possible Sale of Chester Water Authority's Assets.

In previous issues, I have reported on the legal battle raging over whether the City of Chester has the unilateral right to sell the assets of the Chester Water Authority ("CWA"). During September of 2021, the Commonwealth Court ruled that the City of Chester has that right. In the majority opinion of the Commonwealth Court, it is stated that "...we hold that section 5622(a) of the MAA [Municipality Authorities Act] continues to vest a municipality, such as the City in this case, with the power to acquire and





Our office provides legal advice and representation in the following areas:

- PADEP MATTERS
- PUC MATTERS
- ENVIRONMENTAL & PERMITTING
- FINANCINGS PENNVEST/PEDFA/CFA
- CSO/SSO ISSUES
- CONDEMNATIONS
- REAL ESTATE & LAND USE
- REGIONALIZATION/ACQUISITIONS
- EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLANS & SECURITY
- WIND & SOLAR POWER
- MARCELLUS SHALE LEASING & REGULATION
- WATER ALLOCATIONS

WE PROUDLY SERVE AS LEGAL COUNSEL TO THE WATER UTILITY COUNCIL OF THE AMERICAN WATER WORKS ASSOCIATION, PA SECTION

Michael D. Klein

(717) 703-5903 | mklein@cozen.com 17 North Second Street | Suite 1410 | Harrisburg, PA 17101 750 attorneys | 30 offices | cozen.com

dispose of the assets of an authority itself, such as the Authority in this case, without the advice or consent of the authority or, here, the Authority." Immediately following the issuance of that decision, CWA filed a Petition for Allowance of Appeal at the PA Supreme Court. As I had explained in an earlier issue, appeals to the PA Supreme Court do not automatically get heard by that Court. The PA Supreme Court has the right to pick and choose what appeals it will allow and hear. On April 11, 2022, the PA Supreme Court issued an Order granting the Petition for Allowance of Appeal filed by CWA, thus, agreeing to hear and decide the merits of the case. After the parties file briefs and participate in an oral argument, the PA Supreme Court will issue its decision.

The PA Public Utility Commission Adopts Regulations Requiring Diversity Reporting

The PA Public Utility Commission (PUC) has adopted regulations requiring diversity reporting by major public utilities in Pennsylvania, regulated by the PUC. In a press release on the action, published on April 14, 2022, the PUC states that "it is incumbent on major utilities to have a diverse workforce as this is an essential element of success for all businesses." The press release provides that the PUC rulemaking standardizes the definitions, and format for utility diversity reporting to collect the following information:

- Corporate policies for improving diversity in the workplace and procurement process.
- Training on diversity initiatives in employment and in the contract of goods and services.
- Demographic data regarding diverse employment in various
- A description of diversity recruitment, promotion and retention efforts.
- Involvement with organizations promoting diversity.
- A summary of diverse owned businesses the company contracts with for goods and services, including the percentage of dollars spent with diverse-owned businesses versus non-diverse businesses.

As reported in the press release, the final rulemaking order has been submitted, for review, to the legislative standing committees, the PA Independent Regulatory Review Commission, the Office of Attorney General, and the Governor's Budget Office. Following those reviews, the regulations will become effective upon publication in the PA Bulletin.

About the Author

Michael D. Klein is a Senior Counsel in the Harrisburg, PA, and Washington D.C. offices of Cozen O'Connor. Michael practices in the areas of utility and environmental law. He can be reached at mklein@cozen.com and 717-703-5903.



This column is intended to be a discussion of legal issues in the water industry. It is not intended to be legal advice, or to establish any attorney-client relationships. Before making any legal decisions regarding anything discussed in this column, you should always consult with an attorney.